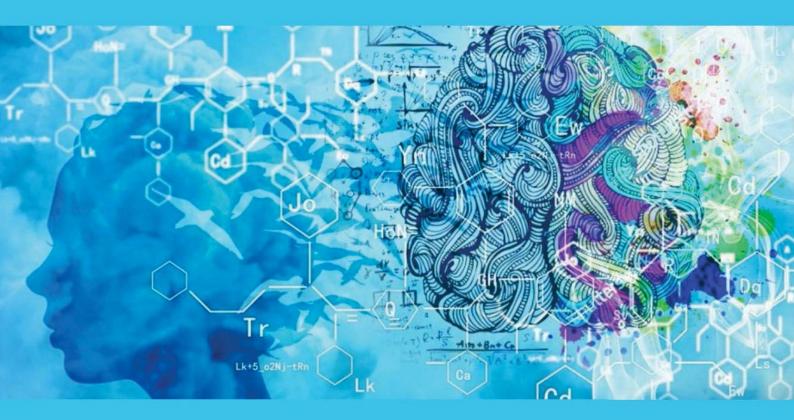
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TOPICAL ISSUES OF MODERN SCIENCE, SOCIETY AND EDUCATION



PROCEEDINGS OF IV INTERNATIONAL SCIENTIFIC AND PRACTICAL CONFERENCE NOVEMBER 1-3, 2021

KHARKIV 2021

TOPICAL ISSUES OF MODERN SCIENCE, SOCIETY AND EDUCATION

Proceedings of IV International Scientific and Practical Conference Kharkiv, Ukraine 1-3 November 2021

Kharkiv, Ukraine

2021

UDC 001.1

The 4th International scientific and practical conference "Topical issues of modern science, society and education" (November 1-3, 2021) SPC "Sciconf.com.ua", Kharkiv, Ukraine. 2021. 1402 p.

ISBN 978-966-8219-85-6

The recommended citation for this publication is:

Ivanov I. Analysis of the phaunistic composition of Ukraine // Topical issues of modern science, society and education. Proceedings of the 4th International scientific and practical conference. SPC "Sci-conf.com.ua". Kharkiv, Ukraine. 2021. Pp. 21-27. URL: https://sci-conf.com.ua/iv-mezhdunarodnaya-nauchno-prakticheskaya-konferentsiya-topical-issues-of-modern-science-society-and-education-1-3-noyabrya-2021-goda-harkov-ukraina-arhiv/.

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Collection of scientific articles published is the scientific and practical publication, which contains scientific articles of students, graduate students, Candidates and Doctors of Sciences, research workers and practitioners from Europe, Ukraine, Russia and from neighbouring coutries and beyond. The articles contain the study, reflecting the processes and changes in the structure of modern science. The collection of scientific articles is for students, postgraduate students, doctoral candidates, teachers, researchers, practitioners and people interested in the trends of modern science development.

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СОЦИОЛОГИЧЕСКИЕ НАУКИ

IMMIGRANTS IN UKRAINIAN REALITY/EXPERT SURVEY RESULTS

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International migration is actively spreading in the modern world. Scientists think so. Migrants travel longer and longer distances, and migration has become much more diverse in terms of the origin and destination of migrants. In this context, the English sociologist A. Taylor. coined the term "Super-expansion" to point to the unprecedented degree of diversity of immigrants in host countries [1].

The concept of "super-expansion" has a basic idea: a lot of migrants come to European countries. Migrants have different backgrounds, they have social and economic differentiation. They have active stratification.

Scientists write that many European countries have the influence of immigrants on their economy, culture, education.

Migration processes are the subject of research of many scientific strategies by economists, culturologists, psychologists, communication specialists, conflict specialists, etc. Sociologists pay considerable. Well-known sociologists N. Massey, Arando Grieg, R. Cowachi, K. Pellegrino and A. Taylor offer a comprehensive approach to the study of migration, according to which the roots of this phenomenon should be sought in social, economic and political transformations.

Migrants are generated primarily by communities that are experiencing rapid changes in the process of integration into the global network. One should not think that migrants are generated by poor or isolated regions of that country. Migrant families benefit from the migration of their members. They see them as a way to enhance their well-being and secure a more secure economic future. Migrant families benefit from the migration of their members. They see them as a way to enhance their well-being and secure a more secure economic future. Thus, relying on the social capital of family and friends, they seek to establish ties with more stable and richer economic systems. To effectively build a research strategy, we turned to scientific developments, publications of modern scientists in Great Britain, Germany, the Czech Republic, Poland, and Spain [2].

To study the topic of risks and acquisition of immigration processes in Ukraine, we used the following tools: an expert questionnaire with the questions: "Do you think that people from other countries move to Ukraine, it generally has a good or bad effect on the economy?", "Do you think the influx of people from other countries in general destroys or enriches: the cultural life of Ukraine?" Do you think that with the influx of people from other countries Ukraine becomes a worse or better place to live?"

"In your opinion, is it possible to talk about the influence of immigrants on interethnic relations in the host society?", "In your opinion, is it possible to talk about the influence of immigrants on intercultural communication in the host society?" the space of the host country?", "What, in your opinion, are the educational integration of immigrants into the host society?".

The impact of immigration on the economic is very great. The impact of immigration on the economy of the host country is widely discussed in Europe.

However, scientists differentiate the directions of impact research: it is the impact of immigrants on social security systems, tax revenues and pensions. The consequences of changes to labor market after the "landing" of immigrants.

In the Ukrainian reality, the analysis of the answers of experts to the question "How do you think that the fact that people from other countries move to Ukraine has a good or bad effect on the country's economy?" shows the ambiguity of assessing the impact of immigrants on the economic development of the host country. But both in the positive assessment and in the negative, the

experts determined dependence of the impact on the quality of immigrants as a labor resource.

The characteristics of immigrants will come:

Positive characteristics:

- Financially secured.

- People with high level of education.

- Interested in the development of the host country.

Negative characteristics:

- People, who do not want to work.

- People, who will try to live on subsidies, and this will deplete the budget of Ukraine.

But it is important to note that with some ambiguity in the assessment of the role of immigrants, we have observed a certain shift in the views of experts towards a positive assessment of the arrival of immigrants in our country.

The influence of immigrants on the cultural life of the country is reality. The concept of cultural diversity and cultural identity are at the center of scientific discourse in Western societies. In Europe, the discussion is stimulated by a certain pressure associated with immigration flows, which growing in many European countries. The main problem they face and will discuss is the struggle for ethnic and cultural heterogeneity.

The discussion about the estimated costs and benefits of cultural diversity is already being felt. This is well illustrated, for example, in France, where discussions about wearing Islamic veils and burqas have stimulated, in turn, public debates about national identity. Similarly, the recent vote in Switzerland against the construction of Muslim mosques has clearly shown how hot and emotional the arguments in favor of ethnic and religious identity have recently become.

One of the main difficulties in studying the influence of immigrants on the culture of the host society is the measurement and assessment of the influence of immigrants on the dynamic phenomena of culture in general. Culture will develop in a complex way, and the impact of immigrants on the culture of European societies cannot simply be measured in terms of the number of immigrants.

Migrants with a heterogeneous group, they come from different cultures. They cannot be a homogeneous group. This will create difficulties for research. It is just as difficult to analyze changes in society, considering them as a result of the influence of immigrants or the result of globalization processes. For example, food schemes in European communities have changed - new kitchens, new dishes. But it is the influence of immigrants or the result of globalization. Sociologists believe that the general transformation of civilizations in the cultural context in Europe is at the expense of immigrants.

Experts' answer to the question "Do you think the influx of people from other countries will ruin or enrich the cultural life of Ukraine as a whole?" more defined and more positively oriented than in the answers to the first question about the economic sphere. Experts hardly identified the negative impact of immigrants on the cultural life of Ukraine. Experts considered the positive impact on cultural life under the following conditions:

- Foreigners respect the cultural heritage of Ukrainians.
- Do not engage in cultural expansion.
- Broadening the horizons of the local population.
- Adoption of new culinary traditions.
- Study of new cultural patterns.
- Expanding the worldview of Ukrainians.

Analysis of experts' answers to the question "Do you think that with the influx of people from other countries, Ukraine is becoming a worse or better place to live?" shows, that it is extremely difficult to answer unequivocally. That's why he thinks: the thought "is worse in something, better in something". The reproduced opinions of experts can be structured as follows. "Why Ukraine people from other countries ?! And where to go? There are enough people for such a territory. We need to think not about people from other countries, but

about how to provide our people with jobs with sufficient earnings". Most of the experts answered in the affirmative to the question "Is it possible, to yours In other words, to talk about the influence of immigrants on interethnic relations in the host society?"

"In general, it is positive, because the translation of differences is able to increase the level of tolerance in society and strengthen it." "On the other hand, the more frequent the contacts between migrants and non-migrants, the higher the level of tolerance in society." Note that the answers of experts to the question "Is it possible, in your opinion, to talk about the impact of immigrants on intercultural communication in the host society?" defined positively.

"The very fact of the presence of representatives of ethnic minorities from other countries gives rise to: constant intercultural interaction. In addition to the fact that it can have manifestations in art, they also manifest themselves every day at the household level. Due to such interaction, new knowledge about foreign traditions, customs, eating habits and way of life is accumulated at the micro level. With the right perception, they can have a positive impact on the lives of Ukrainians."

"Intercultural communication must be built in response to the new interethnic situation. In any case, intercultural communication should be intensified, new forms should be sought, their content should be enriched, dangerous topics should be avoided, and mutual understanding should be sought between immigrants and the host country."

Educational integration of migrants. Educational integration of immigrants into the host society: a problem for all countries struggling with immigration. The arrival of immigrants with different ethnic, racial or religious characteristics not least creates difficulties for the field of education, as education provides knowledge, forms of relations and acts as an important means of social integration.

In communities with immigrant schools, schools should offer good programs and services geared to the specific needs of immigrants. Quality

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programs for migrant students are usually included a number of functions that help them to overcome educational disorders, cultural and language barriers, social isolation. These features include:

Advanced reading and mathematical instruction.

Ukrainian as a second language.

Tutoring.

Class assistants.

Summer programs.

Guidance and consulting.

Social work.

One of the challenges that migrants face for Ukrainian education is editing teachers' qualifications. Regardless of the differences between national education systems, the teacher is forced and obliged to present the necessary content of educational knowledge for immigrants.

In addition, the teacher is expected to be able to communicate and interact with the immigrant audience. European scholars acknowledge that the adaptation of the educational system to new immigration processes in Europe lags behind the adaptation to the social system. Therefore, the main task: the teacher must be qualified for the new role.

Experts, answering the question "How do you assess the opportunities immigrants to adapt to the educational space of the host country?" believe, that opportunities adapt satisfactorily.

"It is satisfactory to talk about higher education. Migrants are able, having learned the Russian language, to attend classes and communicate individually with teachers. On the other hand, Ukrainian teachers need professional development in foreign languages (especially English) to better meet educational needs."

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